FFA NURSERY JUDGING CONTEST General Knowledge Test

1.	Mos	Most of the nitrogen required for a fescue lawn in Kentucky should be applied in the:								
	A. S	Spring	B. Fall	C. Summer	D. Wi	nter				
2.	Which makeup of components best describes a "loam" soil?									
	A. B. C. D.	Sand and clay Silt and clay Sand and silt Sand, silt, and								
3.	Lime added to soil results in which of the following reactions?									
	 A. Raises soil pH - increases alkalinity B. Lowers soil pH - increases acidity C. Has a neutral effect on soil pH 									
4.	Which of the following trees would not be recommended for the home lawn because of its soft, brittle wood, and the tendency to form surface roots?									
	A. B. C.									
5.	When should summer flowering shrubs such as Rose of Sharon (<i>Hibiscus syriacus</i>) be pruned?									
	A. B. C.	B. Summer, in active growth								
6.	Topping mature shade trees makes them more vigorous and the new growth healthier.									
	A. B.	True <mark>False</mark>								
7.	How many pounds of actual nitrogen would be in a 50- pound bag of 20-10-10 fertilizer									
	A. 5	pounds	B. 50 poun	ds C.	10 pounds	D. 20 pounds				
8.	-	The pigment that gives plants their green color and in the presence of sunlight converts carbon dioxide and water into sugar is known as:								
	A. 1	Enzyme	B. Hormo	one C.	Chlorophyl	1				

9.	. Rhododendrons and azaleas grow best in a soil that has a pH range of:						:			
	A.	7.5 - 8	3.5	B.	6.0 - 7.5	C	•	<mark>4.5 - 6.0</mark>		
10.	If a customer selects a shrub marked regularly at \$20.00 which is on "special" at a 20% discount, and there is a 6% sales tax, what should the customer be charged (round off to the nearest 5 cents)?									
	A.	\$16.00)	B.	\$21.20	C		\$16.95	D.	\$15.25
11.	A pl	A plant that completes its life cycle over two growing seasons is called:								
	A.	Annua	al	B.	Biennial	C		Perennial		
12.	Wha	What is <u>required</u> if a deep water garden or swimming pool is installed in a landscape?								
	A. B. C.	3. A warning sign to indicate a drowning hazard								
13.	Whi	Which of the following is a broad-leafed evergreens?								
	A. B. C. D.	Japane	ern magnol ese maple n red cedar these							
14.	Crabgrass is best controlled in cool season lawn grasses in Kentucky by applying a preemergence herbicide in the:									
	A.	Late w	vinter/ Earl	y spr	ring B.	. Sumn	ner	C.	Fall	
15.	Japanese beetles are most likely to appear as adults in the landscape in which month?									
	A. B. C.	Septer April <mark>June</mark>	mber							
16.	A kind of pesticide that kills an insect or weed when sprayed directly on the pest is known as a pesticide.									
	A.	Contac	ct	В.	Systemic	C	•	Fumigant		

17.	Ano	Another name for the "A" horizon or uppermost part of a soil profile is the:									
	A. B. C.	Subsoil Parent material <mark>Topsoil</mark>									
18.	Mos	Most hardy, spring flowering bulbs are planted in the:									
	A.	Spring	В.	Summer	C.	<mark>Fall</mark>	D.	Winter			
19.	The	The upper portion (vegetative/leafy system) of a grafted plant is known as the:									
	A.	Cambium	В.	Stock	C.	Scion					
20.	The	The most often used type of cutting in the nursery business is the:									
	A.	Leaf cutting	В.	Root cutting	C.	Stem cutt	ing				
21.	Bro	Brown patch, Dollar spot and Gray snow mold are all diseases of:									
	A. B. C. D.	Azaleas Turfgrasses Trees Evergreens									
22.	Rus	Rust diseases are caused by:									
	A. B. C. D.	<mark>Fungi</mark> Bacteria Nematodes Virus									
23.	Wat	Water moves from the roots to other parts of the plant in tissue called the									
	A. B. C. D.	Phloem Xylem Veins Arteries									
24.	Top	To preserve the germination ability of most seeds, store them in a:									
	A. B. C. D.	Warm, dry condition Cool, dry condition Cool wet condition Warm wet condition	<mark>on</mark> on								

- 25. Two basic types of pruning cuts are heading-back and thinning-out. Which of the following is true about these cuts?
 - A. Thinning cuts will result in a more open appearance and less new growth on the plant than heading cuts.
 - B. Heading cuts are made close to the branch tip, many buds are left, and much new growth from remaining buds will usually be produced.
 - C. Heading cuts usually remove entire branches.
 - D. Both A and B are correct.